amount of reading matter, on all subjects of general interest, than any other newspaper in Indiana. TERMS.-Two dollars a year, always in advance. In no instance will more than one number be sent till the money is received. Subscribers will receive due notice a few weeks before the expiration of each year or term, and if the payment for a succeeding year or term be not advanced, the paper will be discontinued.

This rule will be strictly adhered to in all cases. Five Dollars will be received for three years; or, three copies will be sent one year for the same. One dollar will be received for six months always

ADVERTISEMENTS, will be inserted three times at one dollar a square, (250 ems) and be continued at the rate of 25 cents a square weekly. Quarterly advertisements inserted at \$3 a square of 150 ems. Yearly advertisers will be accommodated on reasonable terms, which should always be made in writ-

All advertisements from abroad must be accompanied by the cash; or no attention will be paid to them. Postage must be paid.

ing as agreed upon.

Postmasters are allowed to frank letters conaining remittances.

1 franking, Postmasters must not forget to BY G. A. & J. P. CHAPMAN. write their names in full under the word "free."

INDIANA LEGISLATURE. (Reported for this Paper.)

Thursday, January 2, 1845. SENATE.

Petitions Presented. Church of Bartholomew. By Mr. Wood, of citizens of passed Randolph county. By Mr. Herriman, of citizens of Orange township, Noble county, all of which were referred. Reports.

Mr. Dule, from the committee on canals, &c. made a engthy report on the subject of the Wabash and Erie Mr. Goodenow gave notice that he would make a coun-

ter report at some future time. Mr. Ewing said that the report contained a fallacy that he never would sanction, and it should be laid on the table. After some remarks from Messrs. Detrees, Stanford and the committee on canals, &c.

Mr. Ewing moved to lay it on the table. Mr. Defrees moved to amend the motion, by ordering 500 copies to be printed.

The question on laying the report on the table was decided in the affirmative. The question then recurred on the motion to print 500

Mr. Ewing spoke against the report and its printing. Mr. Defrees offered a resolution that the report of the majority, and the report of the minority, hereafter to be made, be printed and the public printer have them stitch-Mr. Ewing moved to amend by ordering a certain act

upon the subject to be printed together with the report. Mr. Lane proceeded to make some remarks, when the the Revised Statutes, hour arrived for the Senate to proceed to the Hall of the | A bill declaring a road in Tippecanoe county a State House to elect a Secretary of State, for the result of which road, see proceedings of the House. adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION. The resolution of Mr. Defrees being under consideration when the Senate adjourned-The question being on the amendment of Mr. Ewing,

it was decided in the negative. Mr. Edmonson moved to strike out 500 and insert 200. Mr. Ewing moved to lay the resolution and amendment on the table, which was decided in the affirmative Mr. Laue, from the committee on claims, reported a joint resolution in relation to Dr. D. T. Yeakel, which passed to a second reading. Mr. Parks, from the committee on agriculture, reported

back a bill to provide for the dissolution of partnership fences, which was ordered to be engrossed. Mr. Edmonson, from the committee on corporations, reported back a bill to establish a free turnpike in Adams county, which was ordered to be engrossed

Also, reported a bill to authorise Joseph Quinn and another to erect a toll bridge, which passed to a second Mr. Coffin, from the same committee, reported back a bill to incorporate the Brothers of St. Joseph, recom-

mending its indefinite postponement, which was concur-Also, reported back a bill to incorporate the Noland's Fork Canal Company. Mr Berry moved to so amend the bill as to probabil

the issuing stock certificates of a less amount than fifty The bill was then ordered to be engrossed.

Mr. Kennedy, from the same committee, reported back a bill to continue in force an act to incorporate the Brookville Canal Company, which was ordered to be engross-

Mr. Berry, from the same committee, reported back with amendment a bill to incorporate the Lafavette bridge Company, which was concurring in, and the bill passed. Mr. Berry, from the same committee, reported back with amendments a bill to incorporate the Silver Creek ferred to the committee of ways and means. Bridge Company.

After some discussion in which Messrs. Davis, Edmonson, Bowers and others participated, Mr. Davis moved to fay the bill on the table which was decided in the negative.

The report was concurred in, and the bill ordered to

Mr. Berry, from the same committee, reported back a bill to incorporate the Philadelphia Industrial Association with an amendment containing the individual liability clause, and inflicting imprisonment and imposing a fine for going in debt, over and above the amount of the stock, which was laid on the table. Mr. Parks, from a select committee, reported a bill for

the relief of John Sims, deceased, late of Morgan county, &c., which was passed.

Mr. Davis, from a select committee, reported a bill to

Vincennes McAdamized Road, which passed to a second and ordered to be engrossed. with amendment, a bill to encourage the killing of musk- when

rats, which was passed. Resolutions. Mr. Todd, from the same committee, reported a bill to

revive an act to incorporate the Greenwood Education Society, which passed to a second reading. By Mr. Todd, in relation to supervisors, which was re-

By Mr. Ritchey, that the Treasurer of State be directed to inform the Senate what amount of Scrip bearing one fourth of one per cent. interest was issued under the act authorising its issue, and what amount there is now in the Treasury, which has not been exchanged for fifty dollar Treasury Notes, which was adopted. By Mr. Dole, that the Superintendent of the Wabash

and Erie Canal be requested to inform the Senate whether the 269,047 5-100 acres of land mentioned in his annual report as the number of acres of land sold and unsold, is as reported, all "That can in any event be made available for the construction of the Wabash and Eric Canal," or whether on the contrary there is not some 35 or 40,000 acres yet due from the General Government, in lieu of lands that were pre-empted by settlers on canal lands beretofore selected, and also whether a still further aount of lands are not due for the increased distance as first measured, and if so, what measures, if any have been taken to secure to the State the lands above described, which was adopted.

Ar Allison, that the committee on Education be ted to enquire into the expediency of abolishing the as still a candidate. The of school commissioner in the several counties in State, and transfer the duties of the same to the courty treasurers; which was not adopted.

Bills Introduced. By Mr Wood to establish a free turnpike company in

Jay county; passed to a second reading. By Mr. Goodenow, for the relief of Alfred Miles and Mary Miles; read twice and referred. By Mr Goodenow, for the relief of purchasers of school

lands; read twice and referred to the committee on Edu By Mr Hodge, for the relief of Elijah Read; read twice and referred to the committee on the Judiciary. By Mr Henry, amendatory to an act for the relief of

certain persons therein named; read twice and referred to the committee on the Judiciary. By Mr Pennington, for the relief of purchasers of Sem

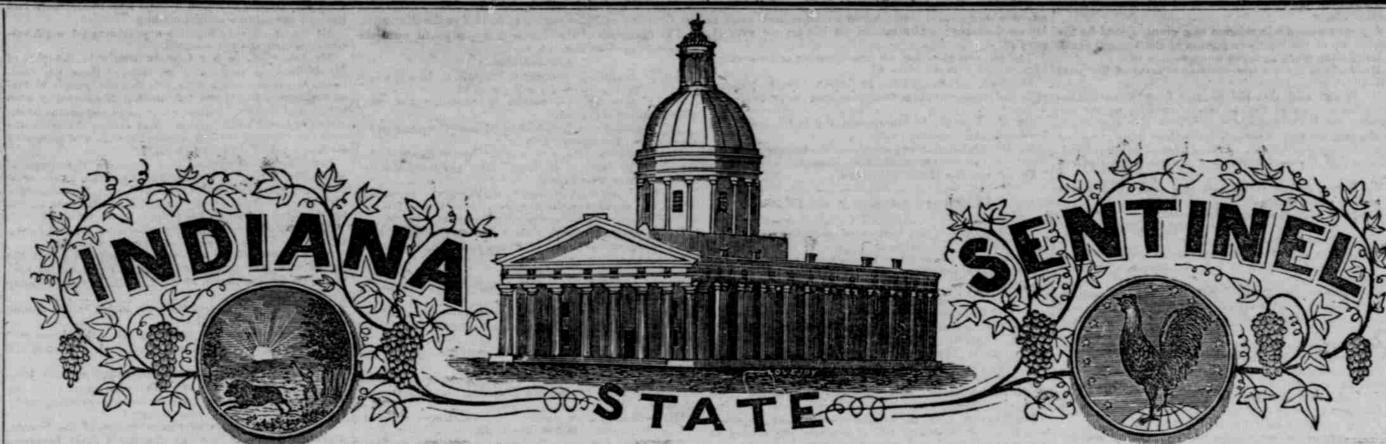
inary lands in Monroe county; read twice and ordered to By Mr Buell of D, for the relief of Priscilla Huddles-

ton; read twice and referred to the committee on the Also, to amend an act to incorporate the town of Auro

the 13th chapter of the Revised Statutes; read twice and was concurred in. referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr Moore, to extend the terms of the Montgomery Probate Court ; read three times and passed. The President laid before the Senate a communication from the Seperintendent of the Wabash and Erie canal; laid on the table and 200 copies ordered to be printed.

Bills of the House. A bill to authorize Ruel Starr to build a mill dam across the Calumet river was read a third time and passed.



INDIANAPOLIS, JANUARY 9, 1845.

Volume IV::::::Number 29.

A bill to authorize Daniel C Shannon to erect a mill dam across the Mississinewa river; passed to a second

A bill limiting the fees of the Sheriff of Marshall coun-1y; passed to a second reading.

A bill to amend an act in relation to purchasers of Wabash and Erie canal lands; was read twice and referred to A bill for the relief of the heirs of Sarah Yandall, was

A bill to re-locate the county seat of Martin county, was read twice and referred to a select committee. A bill to re-locate a part of the Indianapolis State road in the county of Boon, was, on motion of Mr Duzan, laid on the table.

Petitions on the same subject were presented by Messrs Duzan and Orth and laid on the table A bill to vacate a part of a State road in the county

lion and Vigo; read twice and referred. A bill to amend the 7th article of the 13th chapter of

A joint resolution in relation to a draw-back on salt,

ordered to be engrossed. A bill to incorporate the Terre Haute Draw Bridge Company was passed to a second reading.

A bill to authorize Harvey Hobert and William Jones o erect a mill dam across the Wahash river was read twice. Mr Ewing moved its indefinite postponement, which

The bill was then ordered to be engrossed. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. In Mr Stophlet's remarks on Tuesday, to prevent any evils, and he therefore wished its contin and Erie Canal to Crawfordsville,) and Henstis, Lewis of Dearborn, (a remonstrance against dividing Dearborn county,) and Whight; which were severally referred.

county; which was read three times and passed. Mr Robinson of Carroll, reported a bill to provide for the current expenses of the State for 1845, authorizing the Treasurer to contract for a loan of \$40,000, and if quarter of one per cent. treasury notes, to be receivable for all dues of the State; which was read twice and re-

Mr Conner introduced a bill to legalize the acts of John Hardin, an alien and justice of the peace of Hamilton county; which was read three times and passed. Mr McAlister reported a bill for summoning grand and petit jurors of Madison county and fixing their fees.

Mr Tague moved to include Hancock county; which amendment was adopted.

The bill was then read a third time and passed. Mr Bradly reported back the bill of the Senate, for the was concurred in, and the bill ordered to be engrosed. Mr Huey reported a bill for the relief of George

French in Adams; which was read three times and pass Mr Hambrick reported a bill, establishing a State road Putnam and Clay; passed to a second reading.

Mr Fuller presented a bill permitting voters to vote at amend an act to reduce the tolls on the New Albany and any township in Warrick county; which was read twice Mr. Robinson of Carroll reported a bill levying a road

> Mr Claypool moved to reject the bill. Mr Robinson, proceeded to show, that hundreds and thousands of dollars in merchandize, &c. paid nothing for the improvements of the roads. He said millions of property of this description was entirely exempt, and he had heard complaint from many of his constituents on

this subject. He wished that our laws should be so framed, that the millions of capital engaged in merchandize and trade should be reached in this way. Mr Colms took the same ground. Mr Gregory said, if we tax the Merchant or trader,

the consumer would have to pay the tax, by an enhanced price of the articles sold. Hence he concluded that it would be of no benefit to the country. Mr Smith of Spencer hoped the gentleman from Favette would withdraw his motion to reject. He was a

farmer and the bill met his decided approbation. We should not think that nothing good could come out of The question was taken on rejecting the bill and de

The hour of ten having arrived, the Senate again came into the Hall, and both Houses proceeded, in joint convention, to the sixth balloting for Secretary of State. The names of Messrs. Dowling, Tipton and Blackledge, were withdrawn as candidates.

Stephen G. Dodge, John H. Thompson, 74 70 Wm. Sheets, Geo. E. Tingle, 68 S. S. Tipton, McGaughey, Colgrove,

After the sixth bailtot, Mr. Herod announced the name of George E. Tingle as a candidate John H. Thompson having received a majority of the whole number of votes given was declared duly elected,

The bill to authorise the county commissioners of De Kalb county to assess a road tax was read three times and

Mr Leslie presented a bill in relation to the revised statutes, authorising their sale at \$2 per copy; which passed to a second reading. Mr. Pomeroy, from the judiciary committee, to which certain abolition petitions were referred, reported, that a

ra; read twice and referred to the committee on Corpora-tions.

By Mr Chapman of L, in addition to the 9th article of fore deem legislation improper and inexpedient; which

Mr. Jamison reported a bill to protect the people of Indiana against large and exorbitant charges for medical services; which passed to a second reading.

The bill of the Senate, providing for a distribution of the saline and bank-tax fund amongst the several counties was read twice and ordered to a third reading.

and on their certificate, such children shall receive the benefit of such appropriations as may be set apart for that ative. urpose. Said blind children to be sent to the Louisville Kentucky or Columbus Ohio Institution for the education of the blind. The trustees to make annual reports of

The House now resumed the consideration of the bill, providing for a settlement with Moorehead, Hall & Co., the contracters on the first division of the Wabash and ayes 30; noes 20. A bill to amend un act providing for the election of a Erie canal - the question being, on concurring in the amendments of the committee on canals and internal im-

> On motion, the House adjourned. AFTERNOON SESSION.

> Mr Bradley moved to recommit the bill, last under consideration, to the canal committee, with instructions, that Mr. Lucas and Mr Hall appear before the committee and give testimony; which motion prevailed.

Mr Pettit moved to refer said bill to a Select committee. After a protracted discussion, in which Messrs Blakemore, Pettit, Bradley, Palme: and Osborn participated, the report was re-committed to a select committee of Messrs Pettit, Osborn and Hazelrigg.

Mr Stapp, from the committee on the State Bank, reported a bill providing for a sale of the forfeited lands mortgaged to the sinking fund, and for other purposes; which was read, laid on the table, and 100 copies ordered to be printed. By Mr Conner, a bill compelling speculators to pay a road tax, &c., in Tipton county; read twice and ordered to be en-

By Mr Tague, a bill to vacate a part of a State road from Charlottsville to Muncietown; read twice and laid on the ta-By Mr Rose, a bill for the relief of the creditors of John

dered to be engrossed. By Mr Heustis, a bill for the relief of Joanna Mahoney; read three times and passed. By Mr Handy, a bill authorising the leveeing of Blue river in Shelby; read three times and passed. By Mr Grubbs a bill to incorporate the Garrick Institute

The bill of the Senate to Incorporate the Mechanics Institute of Lafayette, was read a third time and passed. Mr Garrett offered a resolution providing that night sessions shall be held every other evening next week, confining legislative action to local business; which was not adopted.

of the Wabash and Erie canal, report the number of Agents on said canal, during the past year, the items of contingent expenses, &c., &c.; which was adopted. Mr Boardman offered a resolution, that the House will the Senate concurring, proceed to the election of a United States' Senator, on to-morrow at three o'clock. Mr Pettit said, that in order to save time he would offer

day to day throughout the session." Mr P. in offering the amendment said, that it was from a real desire to economise the time of the House, when the files were so crowded with business, prepared for action by the proper committees. Threatened as the House was with daily visitations of such resolutions, the amendment would upo certainly meet the wishes of those who stood politically opposed to him, and save the Senate from the vexation of a

The amendment was not adopted, aves 34, noes 61. Mr Hardin moved to amend, that those members whose politics differ with a majority of the people whom they represent, as expressed at the late Presidential election, be excused from voting, or participating in the election of a Sena- Attica, via Newtown to Crawfordsville, from citizens of tor in Congress; and that when such members ask to be and are by their respective Houses so excused from voting, the House will, the Senate concurring, proceed on the day succeeding the consummation of such an arrangement, at the hottr of 2 o'clock, to the election of a Senator, in pursuance

of the law on that subject. laid on the table; which motion did not prevail, ayes 42,

Mr Robinson of Carroll moved a call of the House; which did not prevail. Mr Simonson moved that the House adjourn; which did not prevail, ayes 33, noes 64. The previous question being called and seconded, was put

to-wit: Shall the main question be now put? and decided in the affirmative, ayes 57, noes 34. The main question, to-wit: Shall the resolution be adopt-

ed ? was put, and decided in the affirmative, ayes 53, noes Mr Vandeveer moved to re-consider the vote on the passage of the bill relative to the Orleans road; which motion prevailed and the bill was laid on the table.

Mr Read moved to suspend the order of busines for the purpose of reconsidering the vote on a bill authorizing the Bank to i-sue notes of a less denomination than \$5; which motion prevailed. The question then being on reconsidering the vote on

On motion of Mr Edmonson a call of the Senate was ordered, and all the Senators answered to their name except Mr Rockhill, and a further call was suspended.

The question was discussed by Messra Stanford, Jackson, Read. Ritchey, Reyburn, Defrees, Parks, and Rockhill. The question on reconsidering was decided in the negative, ayes 19, noes 31.

Petitions Presented. By Mr Reyburn, of citizens of Logansport, praying for the repeal of the charter of that town. By Mr Leviston. By Mr Pennington, of Richard Thompson; all of which were referred. By Mr Farmer, referred. By Mr Moore, laid on the table. By Mr Herriman, referred. By Mr Bradbury, referred. By Mr Miller, laid on the table. By

Reports of Committees.

Mr Ritchey, from the committee on Finance, reported bill in relation to the public debt; read twice.
On motion of Mr Chapman of L, it was laid

[repealing the 5 per cent penalty for the payment of taxes,] After some discussion, Messrs Tannehill, Farmer, Chapman of L, and others, the question on concurring in the report was decided in the negative. Mr Chapmen of L moved to refer it to the committee on the Judiciary.

The question was then put on referring the bill to the committee on the Judiciary, and decided in the negative, as he may think proper, and for the best interest and honor of the State; and for that purpose, shall call to his assistance the Executive officers of the State, and make report to those who had heretofore paid.

cided in the affirmative. Adjourned. AFTERNOON SESSION The question pending when the Senate adjourned being Mr Todd offered an amendment, which was cut off by

The bill was then ordered to be engrossed by a vote of Mr Ritchey, from the committee on finance, reported

Mr Coffin moved to concur in an amendment to strike out all from the enacting clause and insert a substitute which he submitted.

town of Indianapolis. To smend an act for the preservation of wild fruit on the public lands; regulating the election of supervisors in De Kalb and Steuben counties; to change the name of De Kalb and Steuben counties; to change the name of he has confidence that a grant of lands will be obtained Ann Maria Small to Ann Maria Long; a joint resolution from the General Government, sufficient for its compleon the subject of the Cumberland Road and the Michigan tion to Evansville, if properly husbanded, and it might before opening said election, shall take the same oath that is be necessary, to prevent a sacrifice of these lands, on their prescribed by law to be taken by the inspector, judges and lation to grand and petit jurors in Hancock county; abol- credit to obtain a temporary loan, until they can be adishing the office of Auditor in Tipton county; legalizing vantageously disposed of. This plan he believes far pre-

county; which were severally passed. Several other bills of the House were appropriately dis-

Mr Chapman of D., introduced a bill for the relief of

borrowers of the school fund. Mr Major moved to reconsider the vote on the bill formfirmative. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

shall appear on the Journal when a motion was made on Mr Simonson was willing, so far as his motion to adjourn, made on yesterday was concerned, that the hour

of having such entries in every instance, because it was ed this morning he would again move to adjourn. They would find him always on hand, when such insulting resolutions were offered. Mr Wright of Switzerland moved to amend, "that the

of the same character now before the Senate, not acted After a protracted discussion, in which Messrs Huckeby, Claypeol and others participated, the whole matter was

shall be registered, noting the hour and minute. Petitions, &c, were presented by Messrs Palmer Shanks,

Mr Robinson of Decatur reported back the bill to preserve the purity of elections, with amendments. Mr Gregory moved that the bill and amendments be laid on the table; which motion did not prevail, ayes 34, noes

Mr Brown moved that the bill be indefinitely postpon-The amendments being gone through with,

Mr Vandeveer moved to amend so that voters shall endorse their names on the back of their tickets; which amendment was not adopted, ayes 13, noes 79. Mr Hambrick moved the previous question, which was not seconded.

AFTERNOON SESSION. ing at the last adjournment. Several amendments were adopted; when Mr Gregory moved the previous question, which being sustained, was

put, to wit: Shall the bill be engrossed for a third reading ? and decided in the affirmative, ayes 54, nors 37. Aras-Messes Anthony, Barclay, Blakemore, Board-

and Wright of W-54. Noxs-Messrs Bell, Brecount, Brown, Claypool, Davis. noes 35. Ford, Fuller, Garrett, Gregory, Gurbbs, Hambrick, Hazel-

to the committee on elections, several amendments were nment in the county jail and by fine.]

The bill legalizing the proceedings of the White Water Valley Canal Company, in relation to the payment of a greater amount of interest than is legalized by law, was read a third time and passed. Public Debt.

Mr Vandeveer from the committee of Ways and Mesas, to which so much of the Governor's Message on that subject was referred, reported a bill in relation to the public debt; which was read and passed to a second reading. This bill provides that Michael G Bright, in addition to his duties as Agent of State, is authorized on the application of any or all the public creditors of the State, to enter into such arrangement for the settlement, compromise and final payment of the debt of the State, or any part thereof, thereof to the Legislature; but no airangement shall be binding on the State until the same is ratified and confirmed by the Legislature.

will elicit amongst the people of Indiana, a full discus-sion of our indebtedness. The reporter trusts, that both the great political parties of the State will unite in giving Executives of our State. It is also a fact, that we have about four millions of dollars in bonds outstanding, for which we have received little or no consideration, and the

in which the subject can be placed, the Reporter of the Sentinel, for whose opinions the editors are not responsible, takes the ground, that the Agent of the State would be perfectly justifiable in asking our Bondholders to arrange our bonds, so as to deduct one half-that is, that

new bonds should be given, for one half our indebtedyes 30; noes 20.

the arrangement is made. That we should pay the incounty having first given twenty days notice thereof, by adterest on any of the bonds, where the bondholders are vertising the same in three of the most public places in each ment to purchasers of school lands in Vanderburgh coun- willing to make arrangement, leaving the others in their township in said county, and at the door of the Court house ment to purchasers of school lands in Vanderburgh county; read twice and referred to the committee on education. willing to make arrangement, leaving the bank bonds, on which of said county.

The bank bonds, on which of said county.

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the several inspectors of Bradley, Gregory, Robinson of Decatur and Blakemore suitable building for the officers of State, which was read as at present. He would further suggest, that the Agent, participated; but before any question was taken, twice and referred to the committee on the affairs of the in making this arrangement, should have it distinctly untwice and referred to the committee on the affairs of the in making this arrangement, should have it distinctly un-

and interest, the State should contract no new loans, exwith repudiation than his, which contains nothing original in it, being merely the plan of William Cost Johnson on a small scale. The advantage to our bondhold-

ers, in having five per cent. bonds instead of three per cent., as proposed by Mr. Defrees, will be seen at a glance. Besides, it will have this advantage. The people will see that they have received a full consideration, and will on concurring in the amendment of the House, which gives make extraordinary efforts to sustain our credit. Further, cause the same to be delivered to the several inspectors, at Ohio county a separate Representative, was decided in the it will create a certainty that not only the interest but the least five days before the day of said election. Mr Orth presented a memorial from Messrs Ellsworth, will be fully paid. Until the Wabash and Erie canal is in regard to the time and manner of opening and closing said Beard & Co., in relation to the Wabash and Eric Canal; completed, under this arrangement, it will require at least referred to a select committee.

| Completed, under this arrangement, it will require at least referred to a select committee. | So cents on the one hundred dollars worth of property | by the law now in force in regard to general elections; and to pay our taxes; but the patriotic sons of Indiana, being the inspectors shall have the power to fill any vacancy that confident of their ability, under this arrangement, to pay their debt, extraordinary efforts would be made to sustain ing the county of Gallatin, which was decided in the af- the honor and credit of the State. Mr. Defrees, in his plan, seems to think that the people care nothing about settling a debt upon posterity. But he mistakes the tone

of public feeling, in this particular. It was for the sake of posterity that our forefathers of the Revolution contended, which is strikingly illustrated by an occurrence that, transpired in the times that tried men's souls. A whig of '76, standing on the Battery of N. Y., with his infant son by his side, a little boy of 5 or 6 years of age, was conversing with those who had taken sides with Geo. III. and minute should be registered; but he denied the right He was a man of princely fortune, and was told that Ars

entirely unprecedented. He would let gentlemen know He, from his wealth, would have all the adventages of an that whenever a resolution of like character was introduc- aristocratical government. He calmly replied, he thought ed, to insult the Senate, he would make the same motion nothing of himself, but of the little boy by his side, in he made on yesterday. If a similar resolution were offer- embarking in the great cause of equal rights, and equal privileges. It was for posterity he was willing to expend his fortune and even his life. Although we are not called upon to make such sacrifices, yet it shows that the interests of posterity should have a place in our deliberations as a high minded and honorable people. The plan here suggested, it should be borne in mind, should not be consu-

mated until our domestic indebtedness is fully discharged; but we now see our way clear, for the full extinguishment of this debt, and by the time the preparatory arranements can be made, we will be able at once to enter into the measures. If our bondholders will calmly and dispassionately look at this question, there is no doubt they withdrawn, Mr. Simonson agreeing that every motion he will find it to their interest to accept an offer of this kind, made, or shall make to adjourn, under like circumstances, if it made in good faith. The difference in the value of each member of said board, and the same shall be with said full consideration, will be manifest at a single glance. In

> our mismanagement and losses, might repudiate; in the other case, the debt, both principal and interest, would be sure of being punctually discharged.] Mr Herod reported a bill giving further time of five years to the borrowers of the Sinking and other funds;

which was read twice. Mr Boardman, from the committee on education reported a resolution, which was adopted, providing that the committee of Ways and Means insert in the revenue bill, a tax of one mill on the hundred dollars to aid in the education of the indigent blind of the State. It is supposed that this will realize something like one thousand dollars

for this laudable object. The bill to incorporate the Crawfordsville and Wabash Railroad Company, was reported back from the committee on corporations, without amendment,

Mr Hazelrigg moved to amend, by striking out that part of the bill which gives the use of a part of the grade made by the State for the construction of the road, A discussion here sprung up, in which Messrs Hazelrigg

Jones of Fountain, Rich, Blakemore, Robinson of Carroll, Turman, Stapp, and Stophlet participated. Mr Odell moved to recommit the bill to a select com- the Clerk of the Circuit court of said county. mittee, remarking that he would agree to fix the terminat-

ing point at Attica on the Wabash. Mr Rich moved instructions that the State be renumerated, in stock or otherwise for the money expended in grading the road, &c. The question was taken on recommitting with instruc-

tions, and decided in the negative. The question was taken on Mr Hozelrigg's amendment and decided in the negative. Mr Hoggatt moved an amendment, that the State be remunerated in stock or State bonds for money expended:

of D. Rose, Shelby, Shively, Simonson, Snook, Stapp, Mr Snook moved the previous question, which being sus-Stophlet, Sullivan, Tague, Whight, Wolf, Wright of S, tained, was put, to wit : Shall the bill be engrossed for a third reading, and decided in the affirmative, ayes 57,

The Speaker laid before the House, a communication rigg, Helwig, Hodges, Hostetter, Huckely, Jones of from the Governor, enclosing communications from cer-Fountaio, Legg, Leslie, Lewis of Wayne, M'Clure of tain bondholders in this country and Europe, tirging im-Knox, M'Clure of Scott, Matlock, Mooney, Nimmon, mediate legislation in reference to our public debt, asking Nutter, Pettit, Robinson of C, Rousseau, Shanks, Smith, that our foreign and domestic debt should be funded and Tingley, Tomlinson, Vandeveer, and Mr Speaker—35.

[This bill, when originally introduced, was nearly a copy of the Ohio law on the same subject. On its reference states, that it would be impossible to do this, our domes: tic debt consisting, as is well known, in six per cent treato confine voters to their own townships was taken up and read twice and referred to the Judiciary committee.

made, changing the punishment for improper voting or Rew-York, the 7th of December, 1844. The Governor pipe-laying from punishment in the State prison to imprisholds himself in readiness to co-operate with the Legislature, in any plan for paying the public debt; but owing to the lateness of the period is of the opinion, that no plan can be matured during the present session.

On motion of Mr Whight, the communications were Mr Smith moved to reconsider the vote on laying on the table; which was decided in the affirmative, ayes 65,

The question recurring on laying on the table Mr Handy moved to refer to the committee and means; which motion did not prevail, ayes 40, noes It is stated that the money contained in the dead-letter The communications were referred to a select commit-

The Speaker also laid before the House's report of the New York Historical Society; which was referred to the committee on education; when On motion, the House adjourned.

tee and 500 copies ordered to be printed.

The honest payment of our debts and the sacred

No connexion between Church and State. No proscription for honest opinions. Fostering aid to public education.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the

elections in said county, to attend at the time and place of holds derstood, that until this debt. is fully paid, both principal of folding said election; and should any inspector fail to attend, the qualified voters of such township who may be present, in force regulating general elections.

SEC. 3. The inspector, judges, and clerks of said election, clerk of a general election; and if no person authorised to administer oaths be present, the inspector may administer administer the said oath to the inspector; and said inspector shall have power to administer all necessary oaths, which may be required in the discharge of their duty during the

may occur in the board of judges, or clerks, at any time after said election shall have been opened.

with the inspertor, or one of the judges of said election. SEC. 7. The said inspector, or judges of the said several townships in said county to whom said poll books, certificate, and tally papers have been delivered as provided for, in the interest should prompt him to take sides with the King. last preceding section, shall constitute a board of canvassers, whose duty it shall be to assemble at the Court house in said county, on the second day after the holding of said election; and having appointed one of their body chairman, in the presence of each other, and of the Clerk of the Circuit court of said county, (who shall ex officio act as clerk of said board) between the hours of tweive at noon and four o'clock

member of said board of canvassers. debt and the other one which we have failed to receive a Clerk filed in his office, and the person having the highest number of votes given for each office shall be by said board of canvassers declared duly elected to said office, and so certhe one case posterity, that has had nothing to do with

> elected to said office or offices shall enter into and execute bond in the same way and manner now provided by law, in regard to the election of Clerk and Recorder, and shall duly take the same oath now provided by law. SEC. 10. This act to take effect and be in force from and

> > A. C. STETENSON. Speaker of the House of Representatives. JESSE D. BRIGHT,

President of the Senate.

Approved, December 24, 1844; JAS. WIIITCOMB.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, That the Institute known and chartered under the name and style of the "Indiana Baptist Manual Labor Institute," shall hereafter be known by the name of the Franklin College, and that the board of trustees of Franklin College shall have and possess' all the rights and privileges secured and conferred upon them, as the board of trus-tees of the Indiana Baptist Manual Labor Institute, and shall in all respects be governed by the provisions of "An act to incorporate the Indiana Baptist Education Society, and the Indiana Baptist Manual Labor Institute," approved January SEC. 2. This act to take effect and be in force from and

after its publication in the Indiana State Sentinel, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. JESSE D. BRIGHT, President of the Senate.

LEGISLATION IN VERMONT. - The Legislature of Vermont passed an act for the geological survey of the State, an act abelishing the military system, so PENNSYLVANIA U. S. SENATOR .- The Pittsburg far as regards the enrolled militia; an act relating to [This will be an important measure, if adopted, and will elicit amongst the people of Indiana, a full discussion of our indebtedness. The reporter trusts, that both the great political parties of the State will unite in giving this subject a calm and dispassionate investigation. That



holomew county to build a bridge across the drift wood fork of White river; passed to a second reading.

A bill to legalize the election of the Trustees of the By Mr. Tannehill, of members of the United Brethren Enon church in Gibson county; read a third time and

> school commissioner in Russell township, Putnam county; read a third time and passed. A bill to incorporate the Union Literary Society South Hanover College; read a third time and passed.

read three times and passed.

Wayne, passed to a second reading. A bill to locate a State road in the counties of Vermil-

A bill for the relief of Aun Matthews; read twice and

was decided in the negative-ayes 3, noes 46.

conception, it is proper to remark, that in relation to gambling, he believed, a change of the law, by the bill under consideration would produce the evils he enumerated. The present law had prevented, to a great extent, these town was now free of these evils, and he did not wish them to be produced, by any law that might be enacted. 1 Petitions, &c. were presented by Messrs Rose, Herod, (remonstrance against New county,) Hardin, Turman, Hambrick, Tomlinson, Snook, Hill, Jones of Fountain (for a charter for a Railroad from Attica on the Wabash

Mr Fuller reported back the bill for organizing the mildollars, which was decided in the negative-ayes 20, noes itta, with amendments; which were concurred in, and the bill ordered to be engrossed. Mr Vandeveer introduced a bill to relocate so much of the Washington and Orleans State road as hes in Orange

loan cannot be procured to issue, not exceeding 50,000 of lick 'em.

relief of Nathan Burchfield, with an amendment; which

Mr. Ewing, from a select committee, reported back tax on personal property; which was read a first time;

cided in the negative, aves 26, noes 53 The bill passed to a second reading.

Mr Orth announced

and the Convention adjourned, sine dic.
The Senate returned to their chamber.

the ages of six and fifteen years, in the State of Indiana, September.]

their proceedings to the Legislature.

After discussion, in which Messrs. Jones of Fountain,

Mr Bradley reported against the petition of Zera Sutherland, a contractor on the Cross-Cut canal; when

The bill to allow the county commissioners of Marion county to settle with John Elder, was read a third time and

Graves, late of Clay county, deceased; read twice and or-

of Knightstown; (for a theatre, judging by the name;) read Mr Tingley offered a resolution, that the Superintendent

an amendment to be added to the resolution, as follows: "And that if the Senate don't see fit to act upon it, this shall be considered as a batch of invitations, extending from

matter they had made to stand aside, from the weighty duties in which they are engaged. Ms Robinson of D. said, if the Senate don't agree, we'll

Mr Hoggatt moved that the resolution and amendment be

On motion, the House adjourned. Friday, January 3, 1845.

Mr Ritchey, laid on the table,

Mr Ritchey from the same committee, reported back a bill to repeal section 66, chapter 12 of the Revised Code

Mr Lane moved to lay it on the table; which was de-

A bill to authorize the Board of Commissioners of Bar- Ray be appointed a board of trustees, to take under con- ter the enacting clause, and provides that all tolls and wa- in actual cash, from ten to fifty per cent., a number of our sideration the cases of indigent blind children between ter rents shall be receivable in par funds after the 1st of bonds being hypothecated and lost, to the tune of fifty the ages of six and fifteen years, in the State of Indiana. Santember 1

The question on striking out was decided in the affirm-

Mr Chapman of L. moved to lay the bill and amendment on the table; which was decided in the affirmative.

the acts in the office of School Commissioner in the coun- ferable to that brought before the Legislature by Mr. De- the oath to the judges and clerks, and one of the judges may ty of Marshall; vacating an alley in Pittsburg; in rela- frees, and cannot be charged with being tinctured more tion to petitions of G. A. Rose and others of Laporte

A bill of the Senate, attaching additional territory to the county of Ohio, was taken up, and the question being

Mr Smith moved to correct the Journal, so that the hour

introduction of the resolution to go into the election of U. S. Senator on yesterday was, in the opinion of this House a wilful waste of time, there being already two resolutions

Brown, Herod, (for the repeal of the usury law.) Odell, Anthony, Lewis of Wayne, Brecount, Tague, Ford, Cowen, Jones of Fountain, (for a charter for a rail road from Newtown,); which were severally referred.

After several of the amendments had been concurred in, and considerable discussion, ed: which motion did not prevail, aves 31, noes 66.

After further discussion, On motion, the House adjourned. The House resumed the consideration of the bill pend-

man, Bradley, Bruce, Byers, Colms, Conduit, Conner, Cowen, Endicott, Foresman, Fry, Herod, Hannah, Hauser, Handy, Heustis, Hill, Hinchman, Hoggett, Howard, Huey, Jamison, Jones of Vigo, Kelley, Kerr, Lanius, Lewis of D, Little, M'Allister, M'Gaubey, Manville, Miller, Montgomery, Odell, Oshorn, Palmer, Peck, Pomeroy, Robinson when

we are entirely unable, as a State, to meet our fureign in terest account, is an admitted fact by the present and late will not consent to go into a caucus nomination.

of death should not be executed short of one year, and making it the duty of the judge to order execution The bill of the Senate, providing for a distribution of the saline and bank-tax fixed amongst the several counties was read twice and ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Boardman reported a bill providing for the education of the indigent blind in the State of Indiana, which passed to a second reading—providing, that Rathan B. Palmer, Calvin Fletcher, John H. Sanders and James M.

Mr. Richey, from the committee on finance, reported have consideration, and the take a bill to extend the time of collecting taxes in the county of Clinton, recommending its indefinite postponement, and the first prospect is, from the recent report of the State Agent, that was concurred in.

Also, reported back, with amendment, a bill designating providing, that Rathan B. Palmer, Calvin Fletcher, John H. Sanders and James M.

We once knew a Yankee genious travelling in the back a bill to extend the time of collecting taxes in the county of Clinton, recommending its indefinite postponement, and the first prospect is, from the recent report of the State Agent, that was do recover, will be gained at an enormous of the indigent blind in the State of Indiana, which is the what we do recover, will be gained at an enormous of the universal Traveller. He entered the house of a built of the Universal Traveller in the Cincinnation of the Universal Traveller in the county of Clinton, recommending its indefinite postponement, which was concurred in.

Also, reported back, with amendment, a bill designating that was of cincinnation of the Universal Traveller. He entered the house of a prospect is, from the recent report of the State Agent, that was the Universal Traveller. He entered the house of a prospect is, from the recent report of the State Agent, that was the distribution of the Universal Traveller. He entered the house of a prospect is, from the recent report of the State Agent, that was the Universal Traveller in the Universal Traveller in the Cincinnation of the book and the Universal Traveller in the Cincinnation of the book and the Univers

pecial legislation, to banks.

A "progressive" reformation of all abuses.

BY AUTHORITY. AN ACT to authorise the holding of a Special Election in Gibson County.

State of Indiana, That it shall be lawful for the qualified electors of Gibson county, to hold a special election at the usual place of holding elections in the different townships in said county, on the second Monday of February in the year ness, bearing five per cent, interest, with a guaranty that the interest should be paid punctually and annually, after court, and one Recorder for said county, the sheriff of said

progress of such election. SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the Auditor of said county to make out and deliver to the Sheriff of said county, proper poll books for each township in said county, and also proper forms of election returns, and certificates for each township

SEC. 6. As soon as all the voies are read off and counted the board of judges shall make out a certificate under their hands, stating the number of votes received by each person of such election, and designating the office for which such person was voted to fill; which number shall be written in words at full length; and the said certificate, together with the list of votes contained in the poll book kept by one of the clerks, and one of the tally papers, shall be deposited

of the afternoon of said day, proceed to canvass and estimate the certificate, poll books, and tally papers returned by each SEC. S. The said Board having convened, and compared the several certificates, poll books, and fally pipers, and estimated the true result, a full statement thereof shall be drawn up by the Clerk, and shall contain the name of each person voted for, and the office for which he was voted to fill; the number of votes given in each township to each of such persons, the number given to each person in said county, and also the aggregate number of votes altogether as ascertained from said poll books; which statement shall be signed by five and three per cent bonds,-the one considered a just certificates, poll books, and tally papers forthwith by said

> tified by the board in the above required statement.
>
> SEC. 9. If two or more persons shall have the highest and an equal number of votes, for either of the aforesaid offices, a new election shall be had for said office, at the time and place in the several townships of said county as the Sheriff may direct; and shall in all respects be governed by the provisions of this act, and after the said board of canvassers has declared any person duly elected to either of said offices, and the papers and certificates have been demisted with the Clerk as aforesaid, the clerk shall retain the same in his possession for five days, and if no contest be had thereon, shall make out a certified statement of such election under bis hand, and the seal of said court, specifying therein who had been declared by said board of canvassers duly elected to said offices, or either of them, and said clerk shall by mail forthwith transmit the same to the Secretary of State, and a commission shall issue from the Governor to the person or persons elected to said office or offices, and the person so

after a certified copy thereof shall have been published in the State Sentinel, and a copy thereof filed in the office of

AN ACT to change the name of the "Indiana Babtist Manual Labor Institute" to that of Franklin

Approved, December 26, 1844: JAS. WHITCOMB. The difference between the official honesty of England and the United States is shown by the follow, ing :- Here lesses of money by the post are of occasional, though of rare occurrence. There Col. Maberly, Deputy Fostmaster General, says in his evidence before a committee of the House of Commons, that "a letter posted with money in it might as well be ways thrown down into the gutter as put into the post office." office sent to Washington, monthly is \$5,000-a strong contrast to the other, and yet our offices are scattered over the wilds of this immense country.

within three months after the year.

A simple and frugal Government, confined within strict Constitutional limits. A strict construction of the Constitution, and no assumption of doubtful powers.

No National Bank to swindle the laboring popula-

No connection between the government and banks. A Diplomacy, asking for nothing but what is clear-ly right and submitting to nothing wrong. No public debt, either by the General Government,

DEMOCRATIC PRINCIPLES

and Measures.

or by the States, except for objects of urgent neces-No assumption by the General Government of the

debts of the States, either directly or indirectly, by a listribution of the proceeds of the public lands, A Revenue tariff, discriminating in favor of the poor consumer instead of the rich capitalist.

No extensive system of Internal Improvement by the General Government, or by the States. A constitutional barrier against improvident State

preservation of the public faith. A gradual return from a paper credit system. No grants of exclusive charters and privileges, by